

MSAR TMDL TASK FORCE

MEETING NOTES

January 18, 2018

PARTICIPANTS

Pat Boldt
Steven Wolosoff
Nisha Wells
Joe Rosales
Melissa Cansino
Lynn Merrill
Mike Roberts
Cynthia Gabaldon
Elroy Ruvalcaba
Richard Meyerhoff
Megan Brousseau
Suzan Given
Stella Shaw
Tim Moore
Scott Bruckner
Mark Smythe
Ken Theisen
Ava Moussavi
Andrea Gonzales
Kyle Gallup
Edwin Quinonez
Ed Filadelfia
Arlene Chun
Susan Longville
Mark Norton
Rick Whetsel
Darcy Ebentier
Roshan Christoph

Via Conf Call:

Tiffany Lin
Kimberly Colbert
Robert Ewing
Bobby Gustafson
Lisa Haney

REPRESENTING

Agricultural Pool
CDM SMith
City of Chino Hills
City of Montclair
City of Pomona
City of Rialto
City of Riverside
County of San Bernardino
County of San Bernardino
GEI Consultants
Inland Empire Water Keeper
OCPW/Environmental Resources
OCPW/Environmental Resources
Risk Sciences
Riverside County Executive Office
Regional Water Quality Control Board
Regional Water Quality Control Board
Riverside County Flood Control
Riverside County Flood Control
Riverside County Flood Control
Riverside County Flood Control
Riverside RWQCP
San Bernardino County Flood Control District
SAWPA Commission
SAWPA
SAWPA
Wood (formerly Amec Foster Wheeler)
Wood (formerly Amec Foster Wheeler)

CDM Smith
The Colbert Group for the City of Claremont
Riverside RWQCP
Riverside RWQCP
Orange County Sanitation District

1. Call to Order & Introductions

The Middle Santa Ana River Watershed Pathogen (MSAR) TMDL Task Force meeting was called to order at 9:03 a.m. by Mark Norton at Santa Ana Watershed Project Authority (SAWPA). Brief introductions were made by the attendees.

2. Approval of the Meeting Notes

Rick Whetsel asked for any comments on the October 17, 2017 meeting notes. There were no comments and the meeting notes were deemed acceptable.

3. Update: Regional Monitoring Program (RMP) (CDM Smith)

Tiffany Lin provided an update on the Santa Ana River Bacteria Monitoring Program informing stakeholders that the 2017 dry season monitoring, as well as the additional priority 4 monitoring at Cucamonga Creek has been completed. CDM Smith is currently tracking the wet weather storms event, a left over requirement of the MSAR TMDL Compliance monitoring. This wet weather event will

complete the 2017 monitoring. CDM Smith is planning to have a draft monitoring report available to stakeholders in April 2018, and the fourth quarter monitoring report was distributed to stakeholders this week.

4. Presentation: Arlington Area Tier-2 Source Evaluation Study (Amec Foster Wheeler)

Darcy Ebentier/ Wood (formerly Amec Foster Wheeler) presented on the draft revised project report. This presentation focused on the key findings of the study and recommendations for future follow-on work.

Key findings of the study are as follows:

- What are the predominant sources of dry weather flow in the Arlington Area?
All three sub-drainage areas have continuous flow to Monroe retention Basin. Agricultural sites are major contributors of dry weather flow, particularly in ARL-2 and ARL-3. Other sources need further investigation.
- What are the magnitude and sources of E. coli in the observed dry weather flow?
E. coli are elevated in majority of samples. Agricultural sites are a source of E.coli. Other sources need further investigation.
- Are E. coli from human sources?
Potentially, but need confirmation testing.

Recommendations:

- *BMPs - Controlling or reducing flows both in upstream agricultural land uses and downstream urban land uses will help reduce bacteria loads to/from the Monroe Retention Basin.*
- *Continue Flow Characterization - This study was the first step in characterizing the contribution of flow from agricultural sources to the downstream MS4. To provide a more comprehensive characterization of flows in the Arlington Area, additional data are needed.*
- *Continue Bacteria Source Investigation - E. coli is elevated throughout the Arlington Area. E.coli accumulates as flows move downstream-both Ag and Urban land uses are contributing.*

Darcy Ebentier requested comments by COB Friday, February 2nd.

A copy of the Amec Foster Wheeler presentation for the Arlington Area Tier-2 Source Evaluation Study will soon be posted to the SAWPA website and is attached to these meeting notes.

5. Discussion: Preparation for CBRP Audit and Meeting with Regional Board Staff: (Risk Sciences, CDM-Smith & GEI))

Richard Meyerhoff/GEI Consultants provided to the Task Force an overview of the efforts by the consultant team to prepare for the upcoming February 13th CBRP Audit Workshop. It is envisioned that the workshop will include discussion of the following:

- Background on the TMDL, Task Force, Basin Plan Amendments, MS4 Permit
- CBRP Implementation Strategy
- CBRP Compliance Evaluation
- CBRP Measures of Progress and Success
- CBRP Areas for Improvement
- Conclusions & Recommendations

It was noted by Mark Smythe that the request for the audit came out of a different Section of the Regional Board that administers the MS4 Program. What may have triggered the request for the audit is that, as with the Regional Board, many municipalities have different departments doing different work. When we have the MS4 Program for the Regional Board talking to the MS4 program within the municipalities, this picture, which is the CBRP, does not get communicated down in both those departments, and this may have resulted in miscommunication of what compliance is being done by the municipalities.

Last, Mark Smythe stressed to the Task Force that upper management at the Regional Board has a good understanding of the work being done by the municipalities on the CBRPs.

This meeting is scheduled for Tuesday, March 13th at the Regional Board.

A copy of the CBRP Audit presentation will soon be available on the SAWPA website and is attached to these meeting notes

6. TMDL Task Force Administration (SAWPA)

Draft FY 2018-19 Budgets MSAR and Regional WQ Monitoring

FY 2018-19 MSAR TMDL Task Force Budget

Rick Whetsel presented the Draft FY 2018-19 MSAR Task Force budget to the Task Force. This budget is similar to previous years; however, it includes a placeholder of \$25,000 for additional source evaluation work.

Following discussion, a motion was put forward by Edwin Quinonez and seconded by Mike Roberts to approve the budget with the addition of \$25,000 for source evaluation work to be determined by the Task Force.

FY 2018-19 Regional Water Quality Monitoring Task Force Budget

Rick Whetsel presented the Draft FY 2018-19 Regional Water Quality monitoring Task Force budget to the three Counties. This budget has two significant changes to the previous year's budget:

- \$10,000 contingency added to the CDM Smith Monitoring program budget line item to cover additional monitoring for Riverside and San Bernardino Counties that may be required to address regulatory compliance.
- \$25,000 Regulatory Compliance Expert budget line item to cover work to prepare a petition to the Regional Board to amend the Basin Plan and revise the method by which we calculate the antidegradation targets, so it now matches how the State Board used that same data.

Following discussion, a motion was put forward to approve the budget subject to clarification of the cost details for the SAR Bacteria Monitoring Program and governance approval from each of the County Agencies; this motion was agreed by each of the three Counties.

Status Update: Amendment to MSAR Task Force Agreement

Mark Norton reminded stakeholders to get the Amendment signed and submitted to SAWPA.

7. Other Business

No other business was presented.

8. Schedule Next Meeting

The next meeting of the Middle Santa Ana River Pathogen TMDL Task Force is tentatively scheduled for Tuesday, April 17, 2018, 1:30 p.m. at SAWPA.

10. Adjourn

There being no further business for review, the meeting adjourned at 11:30 a.m.

Attachments::

1 Presentation: CBRP Audit Support

2. Status Update - Arlington T2 Bacteria Study Findings

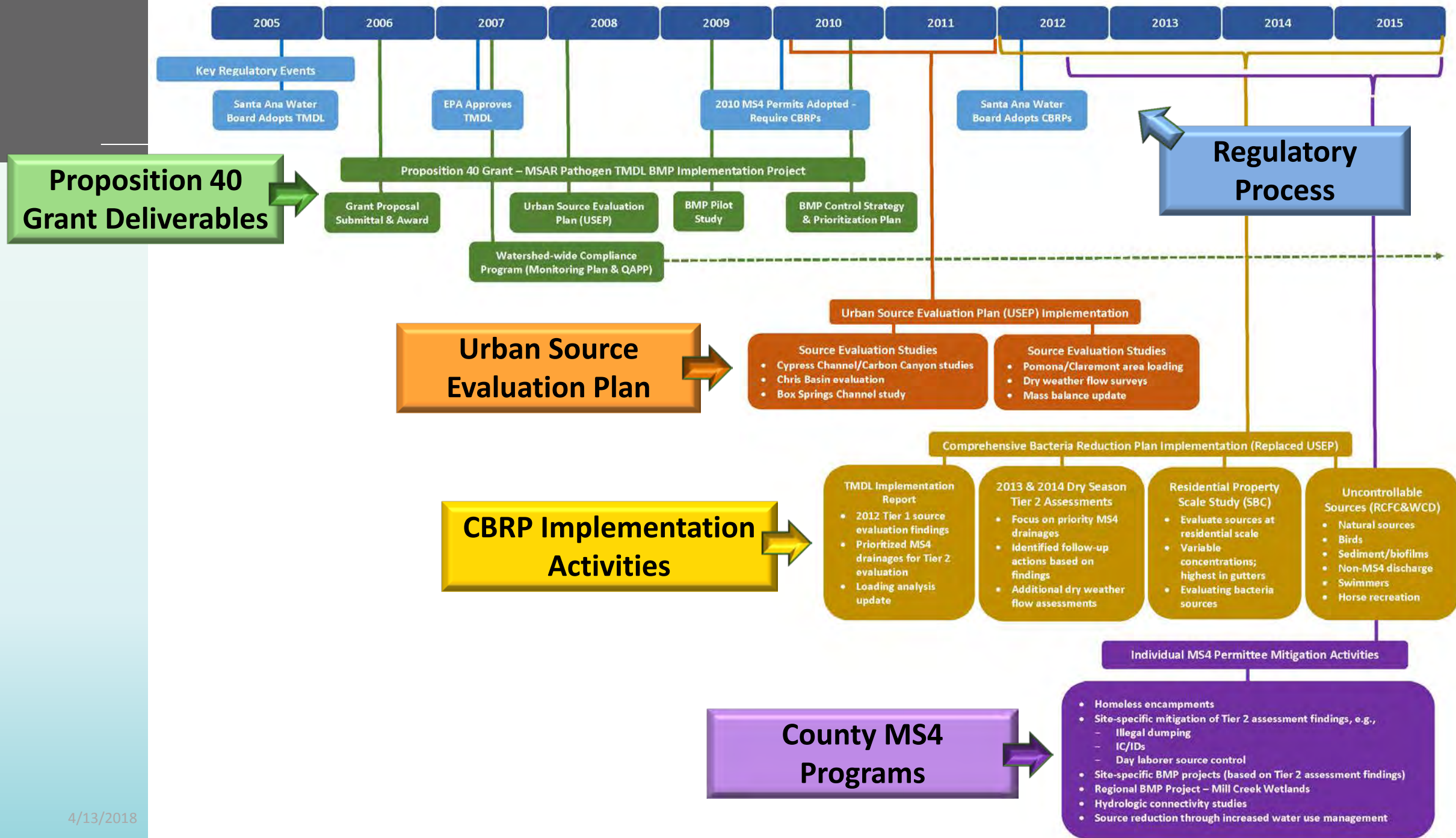
CBRP AUDIT SUPPORT - SCOPE OF WORK

- Provide chronology of significant implementation efforts
- Summarize status of work on “high priority” waterbodies identified in the CBRP, including source investigations, BMPs or other remediation activities
- Describe findings of special studies completed to support TMDL implementation
- Identify CBRP tasks and status of deliverables for each County
- Summarize long-term trends in water quality at the watershed-wide compliance monitoring sites
- Prepare digital archive of all CBRP deliverables

CHRONOLOGY OF IMPLEMENTATION

- Regulatory & Legal
 - *Regional, State, Federal*
- Task Force Activities
 - *Proposition 40 Grant*
 - *Urban Source Evaluation Plan (USEP)*
 - *CBRP Implementation*
- County MS4 Programs
 - *CBRP Implementation*
 - Program-specific
 - Permittee-specific

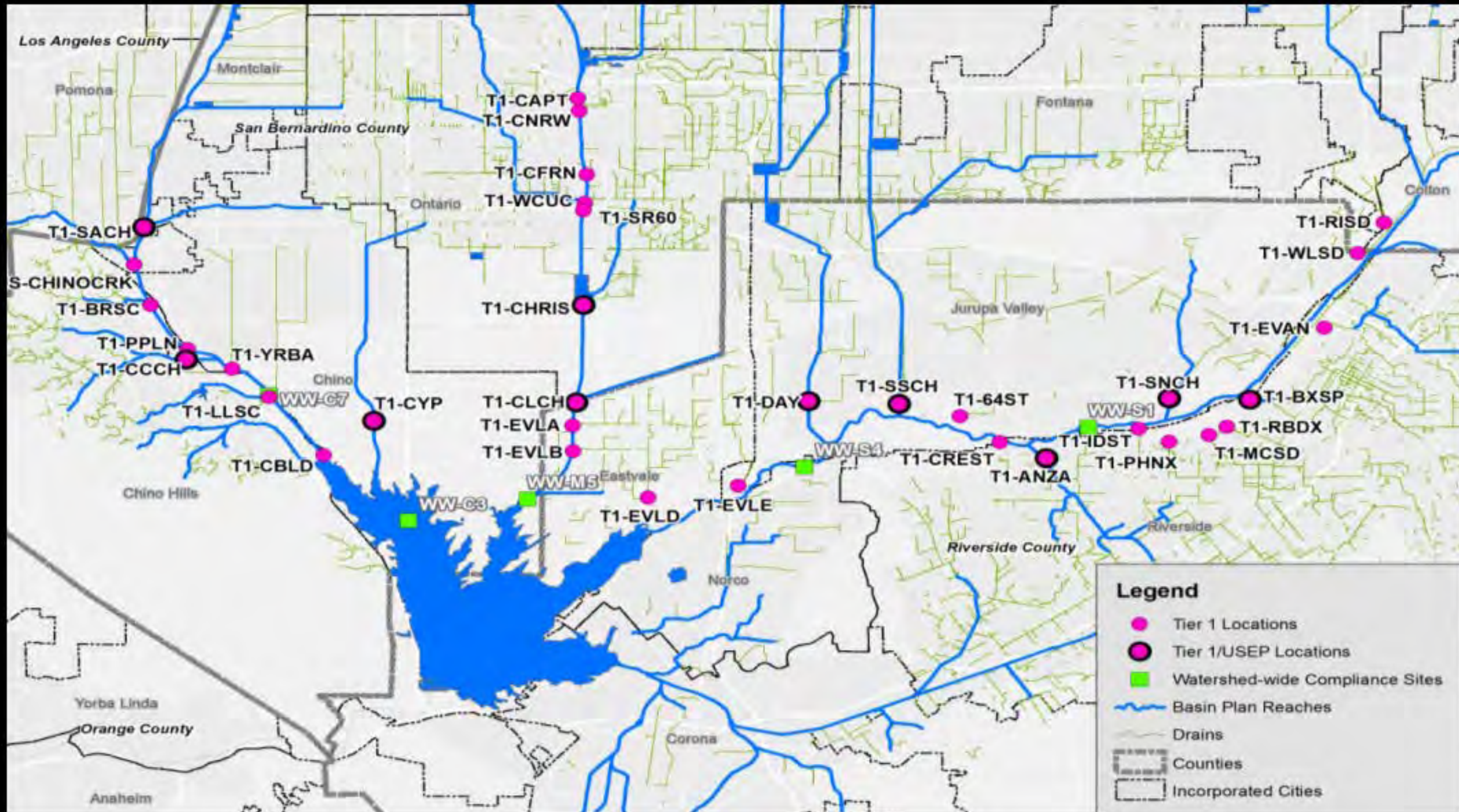
We will work with the Task Force and MS4 Programs to ensure we have a detailed chronology of activities completed to date and document actions still planned for implementation



SITE ACTIVITIES

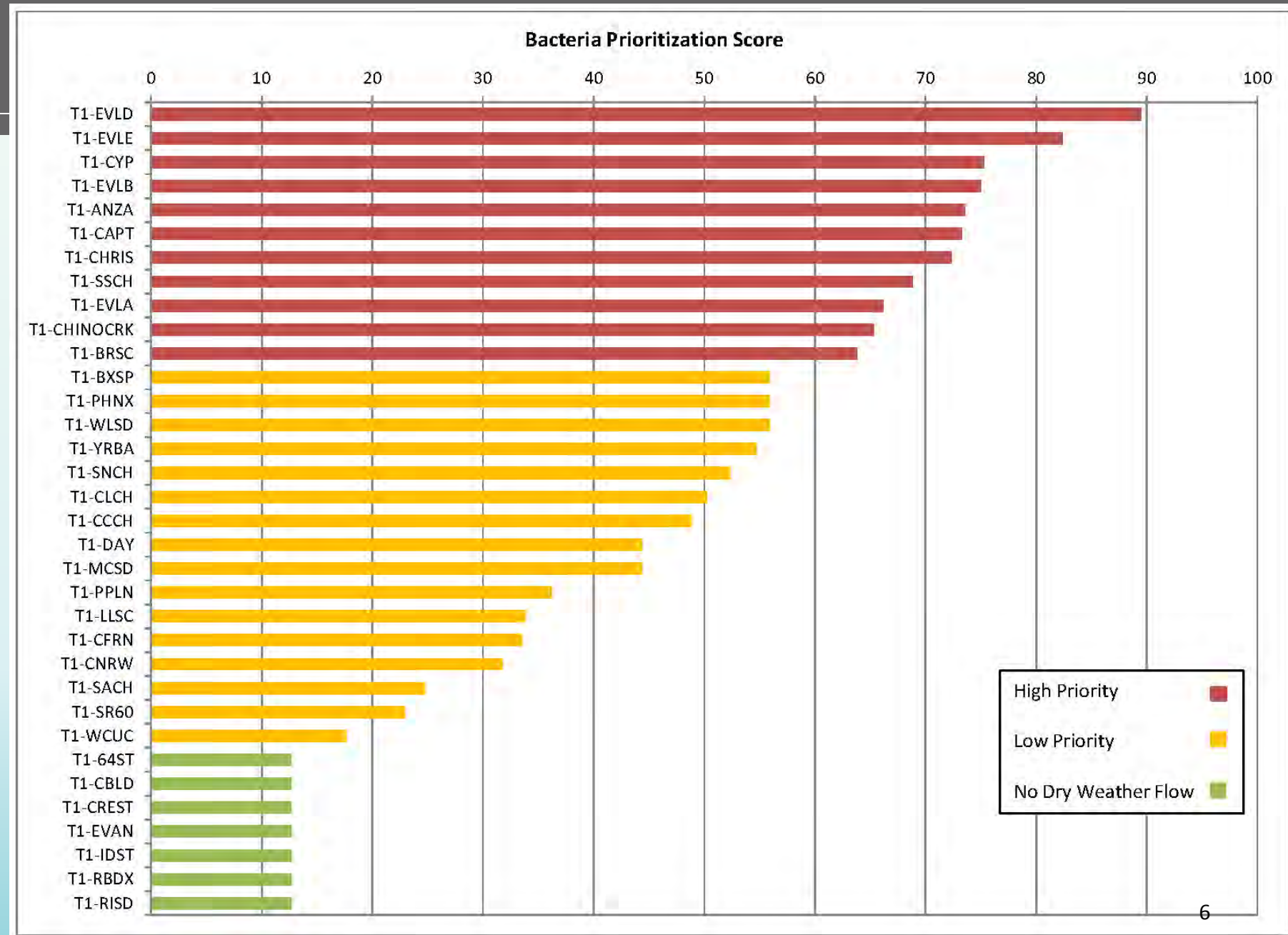
- Proposition 40 Grant deliverables developed original list of waterbody priorities
 - *Figure 5-30, MSAR Bacterial Indicator TMDL Data Analysis Report (2009)*
- CBRP included process to refine waterbody priorities through its Tier 1 reconnaissance level work
 - *2013 Tier 1 Evaluation Report documented findings*

We will focus our efforts on documenting the status of work on Tier 1 Priority Sites



TIER 1 PRIORITIES

- Tier 1 Prioritization
 - Average dry weather flow rate
 - Geometric mean of E. coli concentration
 - Frequency of human Bacteroides detection
 - Risk of exposure with regards to recreation activity
- Figure 3-8 in 2013 Tier 1 Evaluation Report



CBRP ACTIVITIES

- Evaluate Status of CBRP Figure 2-3 Activities (as summarized here)
 - *Document each MS4 Program's approach to implement CBRP*
 - *Document permittee-specific activities*

We will collaborate with MS4 Programs to document progress on each task

4/13/2018

CBRP Step	Element	Activity
Identify, prioritize, and evaluate MS4 Dry Weather Flow Sources	Ordinance	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Water Conservation • Pathogen Control
	Specific BMPs	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Transient Camps • IDDE Program • Street Sweeping • Irrigation and Water Conservation Practices • WQMP Revision • Septic System Management • Pet Waste Management
	Inspection Criteria	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tier 1 Sites • Prioritize Drainage Areas • Identify & Select Mitigation Alternatives • Project Identification
Evaluate, Select & Construct Structural BMPs	Outfall-specific or Regional Treatment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Complete UAAs • Budget/Planning • Design • Permitting
Construct BMPs		<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Construct BMPs
Monitoring & Reporting	Watershed-wide Compliance Monitoring	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Dry & Wet Season Reports • Triennial Reports
	CBRP Progress Report	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Annual Reports

DATA SOURCES

- Proposition 40 Grant Deliverables
- Task Force Work Products
 - *Special Studies*
 - *Monitoring Program Activities*
- MS4 Programs/Permittees
 - *CBRPs*
 - *Annual Reports*
 - *Special Studies*
- Triennial Reports
 - *2010, 2013, 2016*

January 18, 2018 SAWPA Status Update

Agenda

1. Study Approach
2. Monitoring Results
3. Key Findings
4. Recommendations



Study Approach

What are the predominant sources of dry weather flow in the Arlington Area?

Continuous
flow at 3 main
outlets to
Monroe Basin

Field measure
flow at
Predominantly
Ag Sites

Confirm flow is
discharging
from the
Monroe Basin

What are the magnitude and sources
of *E. coli* in the observed dry weather
flow?

E. coli samples

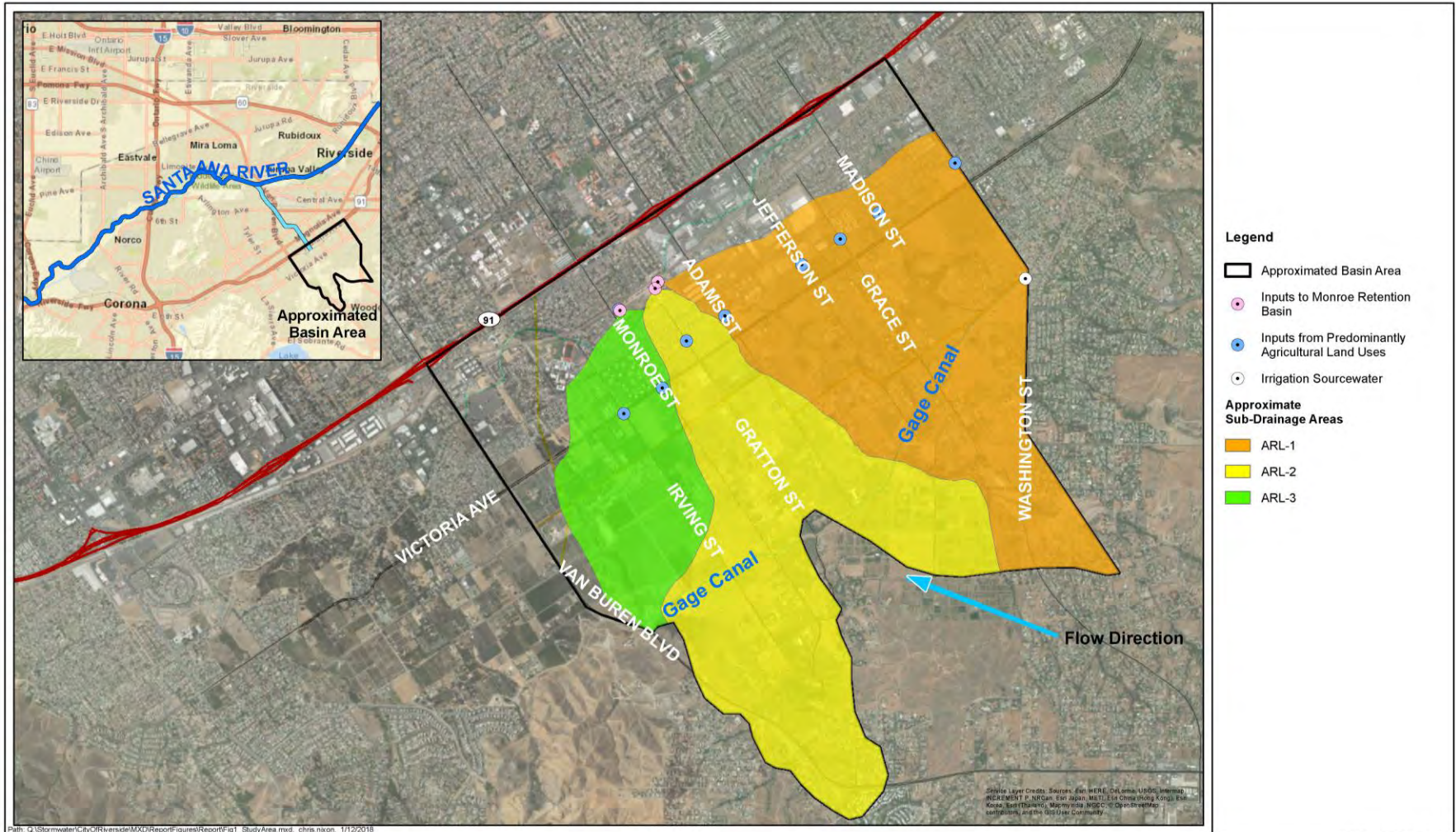
Visual
Observations

Are *E. coli* from human
sources?

HF183 analysis

Visual Observations

Arlington Study Area and Monitoring Sites



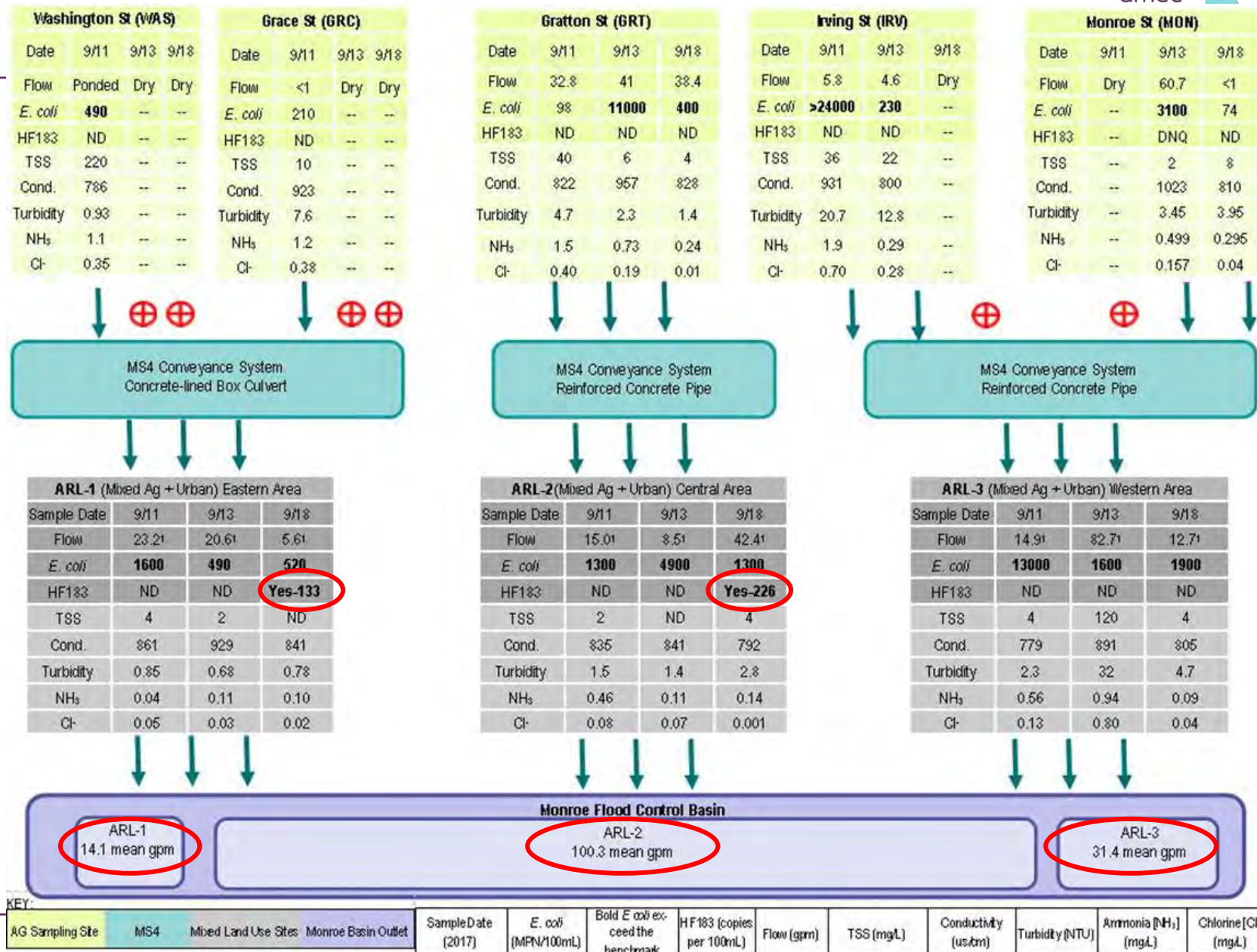
Monitored Events

Drainage Area	Site Type	Site Names	Monitored Events		
			9/11/17 (n)	9/13/17 (n)	9/18/17 (n)
NA	Control Site	Gage Irrigation Canal (GIC)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)
Eastern	Agricultural (Ag) Land Use	Adams Street (ADA)	Dry	Dry	Dry
		Jefferson Street (JEF)	Dry	Dry	Dry
		Grace Street (GRC)	Flowing (1)	Dry	Dry
		Madison Street (MAD)	Dry	Dry	Dry
		Washington Street (WAS)	Ponded (1)	Dry	Dry
	Mixed (Ag and Urban) Land Use	ARL-1	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)
Central	Ag Land Use	Gratton Street (GRA)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)
	Mixed Land Use	ARL-2	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)
Western	Ag Land Use	Irving Street (IRV)	Flowing (1)	Dry	Dry
		Monroe Street (MON)	Flowing (1)	Dry	Dry
	Mixed Land Use	ARL-3	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)	Flowing (1)
Arlington Area	Monroe Basin Outlet	OUT	Flowing SNR	Flowing SNR	Flowing SNR
Anza	Discharge point of Anza Channel	ANZA	Flowing SNR	Flowing SNR	Flowing SNR

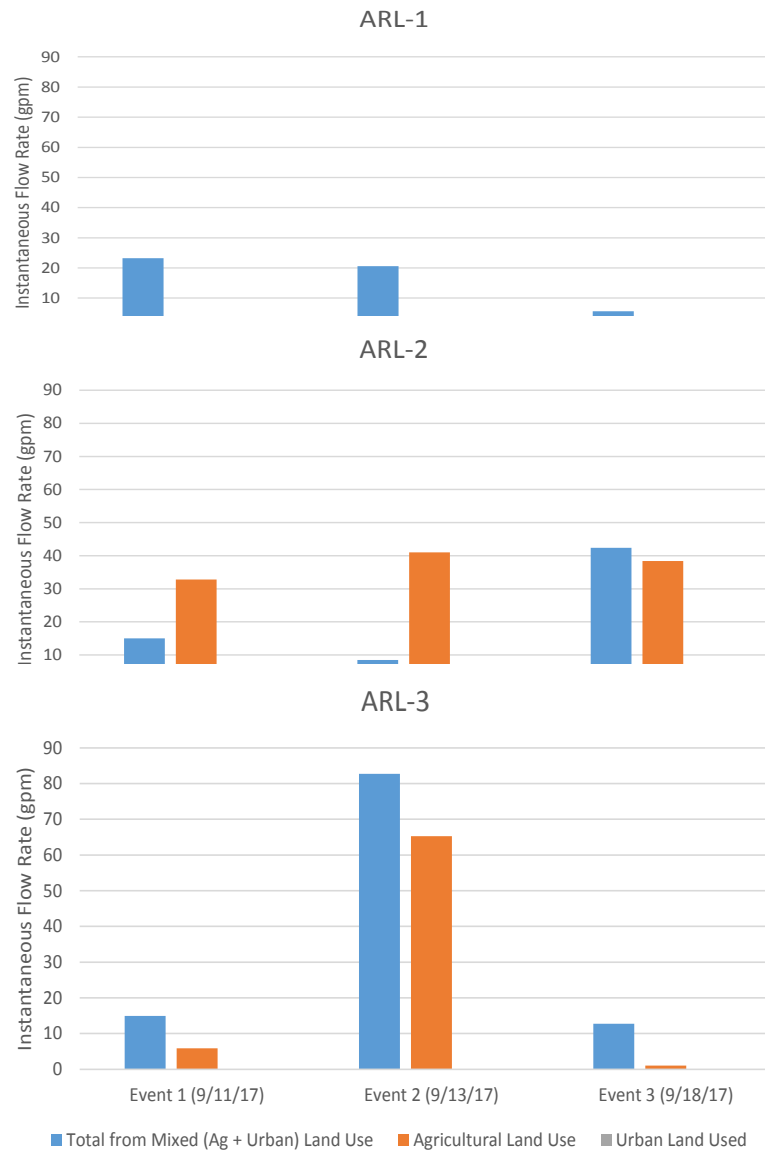
Notes:

n= number of samples collected when water was present; NA = not applicable; SNR = sample not required.

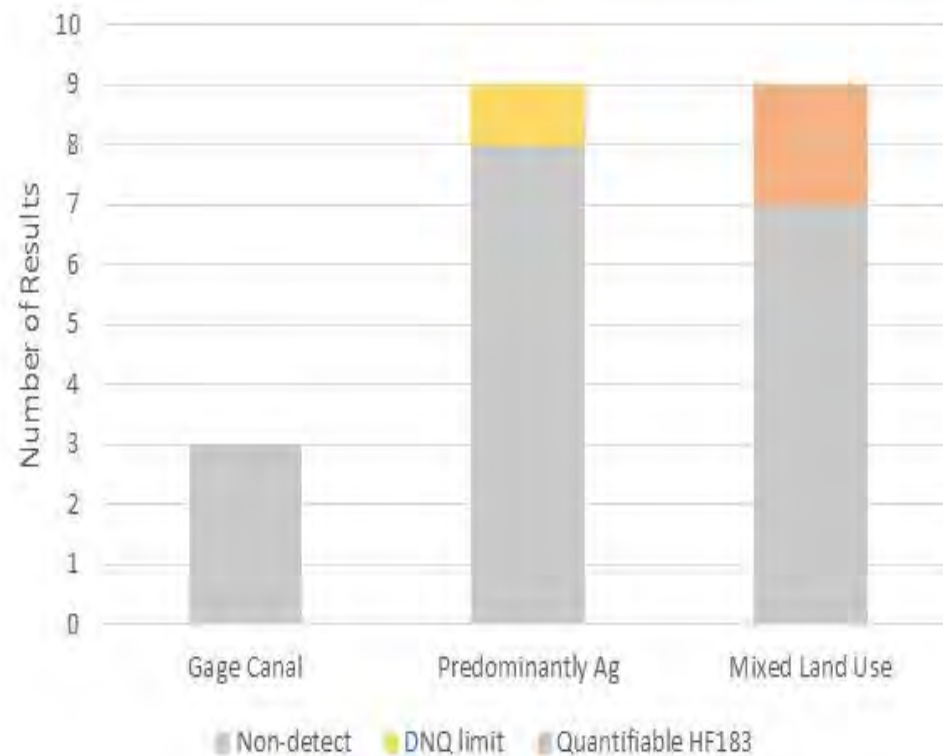
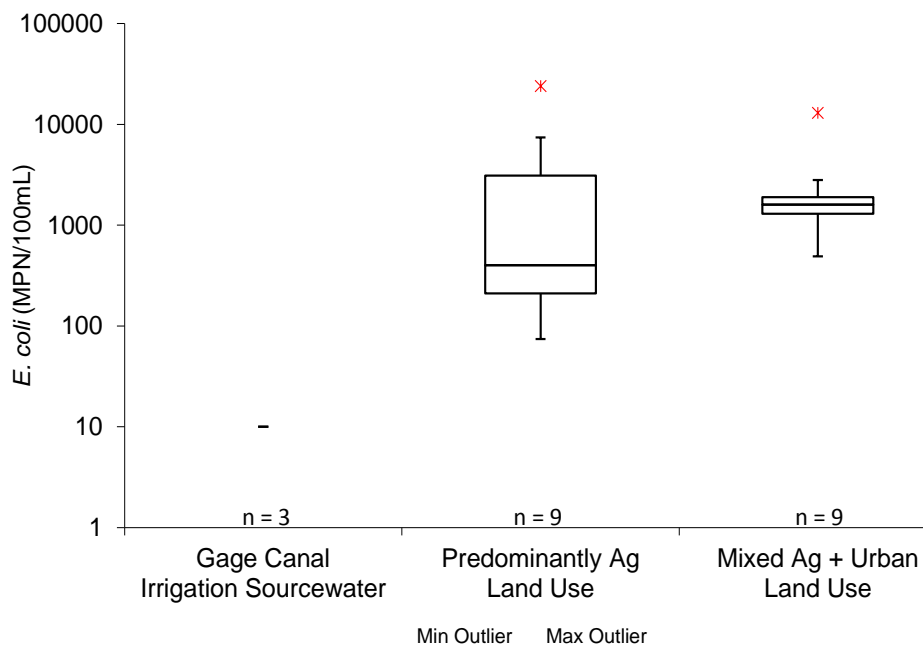
Summary of Results and Flow by Site



Flow Comparison by Land Use



E. coli and HF183 by Land Use



you need to add more rows, add rows above the gray line below the table so that the range references expand to include these new rows.

Summary of Key Findings

What are the predominant sources of dry weather flow in the Arlington Area? *All three subdrainage areas have continuous flow to Monroe Retention Basin. Agricultural sites are major contributors of dry weather flow, particularly in ARL-2 and ARL-3. Other sources need further investigation.*

Dry weather flow is continuous into/out of the Monroe Basin from all three subdrainage areas (ARL-1, -2, and -3)

ARL-2 was the biggest contributor
ARL-1 contributed the least

Ag sites are contributing to flows in ARL-2 and ARL-3

Other sources of flow are present and contributing to persistent flows at ARL-1, -2, and -3

What are the magnitude and sources of *E. coli* in the observed dry weather flow? **E. coli* are elevated in majority of samples. Agricultural sites are a source of *E. coli*. Other sources need further investigation.*

Elevated in all 21 samples collected

Concentrations were generally higher at Mixed land use sites (ARL-1, ARL-2, and ARL-3) than Ag sites

Ag sites are contributing *E. coli*

Other sources observed include domestic animals, livestock, wildlife, trash

Are *E. coli* from human sources? *Potentially but need confirmation testing.*

HF183 was not quantified in 19 of 21 samples
Not quantified in any samples from Ag sites

HF183 was quantified in 2 Mixed land use samples from 2 different sites
HF183 was not persistent at any site

BMP Recommendations

Controlling or reducing flows both in upstream agricultural land uses and downstream urban land uses will help reduce bacteria loads to/from the Monroe Retention Basin.

BMPs for Agricultural Land Uses



Implement retention or infiltration BMPs on agricultural parcels where grove irrigation was confirmed to be contributing dry weather flow and elevated bacteria concentrations to the MS4



Increase inspection of right of ways and notify parcel owners of runoff

BMPs for Urban Land Uses



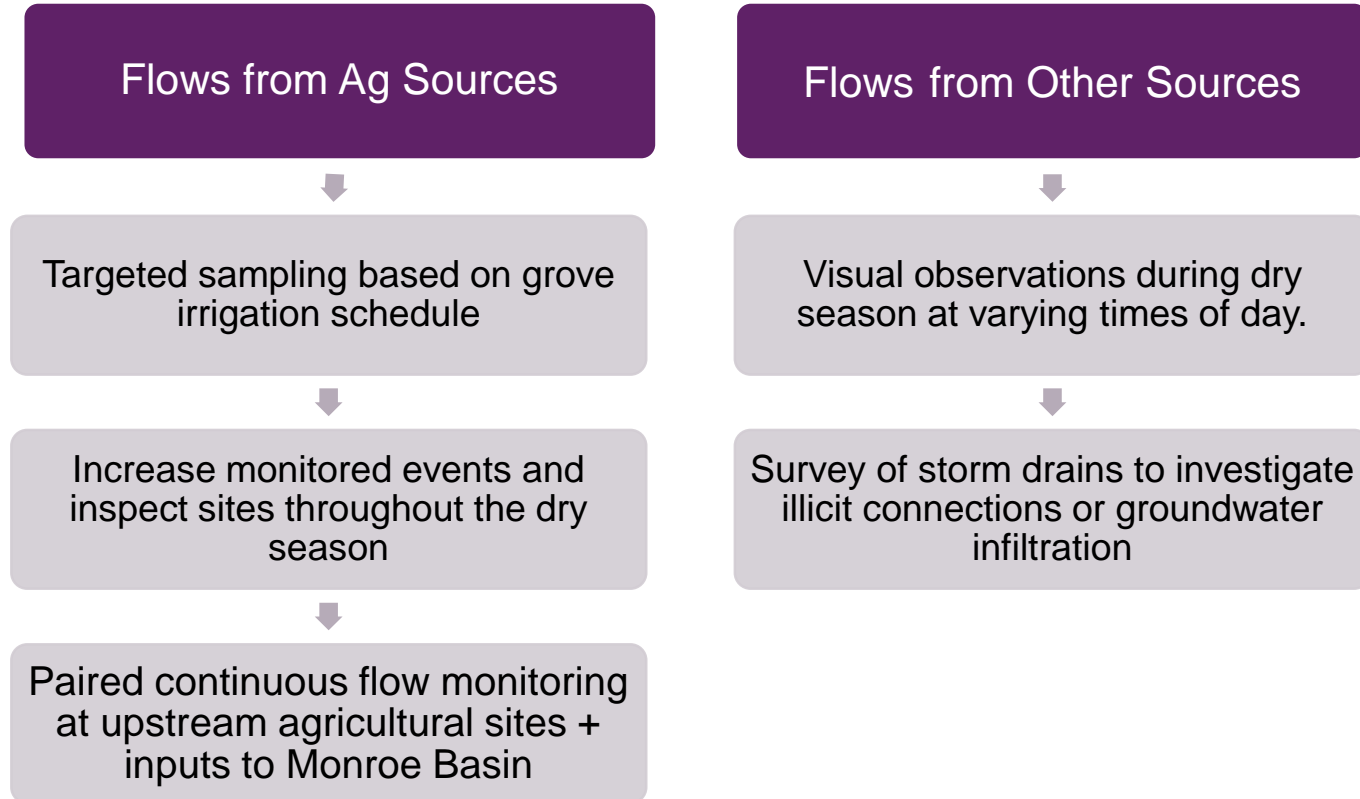
Implement infiltration BMPs at Monroe Retention Basin
Retrofit Monroe Retention Basin to perform dry weather retention



Increase residential and commercial inspections

Recommendations to Continue Flow Characterization

This study was the first step in characterizing the contribution of flow from agricultural sources to the downstream MS4. To provide a more comprehensive characterization of flows in the Arlington Area, additional data are needed.



Recommendations to Continue Bacteria Source Investigation

***E. coli* is elevated throughout the Arlington Area. *E. coli* accumulates as flows move downstream- both Ag and Urban land uses are contributing.**

